Cumulative Table of Cases Connecticut Appellate Reports Volume 189

Cohen v. King	85
that trial court improperly concluded that doctrine of litigation privilege barred	
action against defendant attorney based on allegedly defamatory and false state-	
ments made by defendant in answer to grievance complaint filed by plaintiff	
against defendant; whether trial court properly concluded that litigation privilege	
extends absolute immunity to statements made to attorney disciplinary authority	
by attorney who was subject of grievance complaint; claim that litigation privilege	
did not apply because complaint pleads facts suggesting that defendant abused	
judicial process and breached professional duty of candor.	
	903
	902
Garden Homes Profit Sharing Trust, L.P. v. Cyr	75
Summary process; nonjoinder of party; whether trial court had authority to raise,	
sua sponte, issue of nonjoinder of necessary party in absence of motion to strike	
filed by defendant; whether trial court improperly rendered judgment in favor	
of defendant on basis of nonjoinder without giving plaintiff opportunity to add	
necessary party to action in violation of relevant statute (§ 52-108) and rules	
of practice (§§ 9-19 and 10-44).	
Harris v. Commissioner of Correction (Memorandum Decision)	903
Harvey v. Dept. of Correction	93
Wrongful death; sovereign immunity; claim that trial court improperly granted	
motion to dismiss action for lack of subject matter jurisdiction; whether action	
was time barred pursuant to statute (§ 4-160 [d]) that requires plaintiff who	
has been granted authorization to sue state by Claims Commissioner to bring	
action within one year from date authorization was granted; claim that action	
was not untimely because applicable statute of limitations (§ 52-555) for wrong-	
ful death action, which permits action to be brought within two years from date	
of decedent's death, had not expired and is not limited by § 4-160 (d); whether	
plaintiff was required to comply with both one year limitation period provided	
in § 4-160 (d) and statute of limitations for wrongful death action set forth in	
§ 52-555; claim that action was timely because limitation period prescribed in § 4-160 (d) was extended by statute (§ 52-594).	
	108
Habeas corpus; whether habeas court properly denied petition for writ of habeas	100
corpus; whether habeas court properly determined that petitioner failed to prove	
that prior habeas counsel rendered ineffective assistance by failing to pursue	
claim that trial counsel had been ineffective; claim that trial counsel's decision	
not to call witness constituted deficient performance; claim that prosecution	
suppressed favorable evidence when it delayed making plea offer to eyewitness	
until after eyewitness testified in petitioner's criminal trial.	
	901
Ion Bank v. J.C.C. Custom Homes, LLC	30
Replevin; action by way of replevin to recover certain collateral in defendants' posses-	
sion; claim that trial court improperly granted defendants' motion to dismiss	
because amended complaint filed by plaintiff cured any defect regarding plain-	
tiff's standing; claim that plaintiff properly substituted proper party as plaintiff	
by operation of law by filing amended complaint in compliance with relevant	
$rule\ of\ practice\ (\S\ 10 ext{-}59); whether\ plaintiff\ was\ required\ to\ file\ motion\ for\ permis-$	
sion to substitute proper party as plaintiff; whether trial court abused its discre-	
tion in declining to treat amended complaint as motion to substitute parties;	
claim that plaintiff, as assignor of note, had standing to maintain replevin action	
on behalf of its assignee.	001
	901
Marino v. Statewide Grievance Committee	7
Attorney discipline; appeal to trial court from decision of reviewing committee of	
defendant Statewide Grievance Committee finding that plaintiff violated rule	

defendant properly concluded that plaintiff violated rule 4.4 (a) was based on clear and convincing evidence; whether there was clear and convincing proof that plaintiff filed motion for capias for no substantial purpose other than to embarrass or burden complainant; whether there is statutory authority or rule of practice that requires attorney to contact court or to check judicial website prior to filing motion for capias; whether motion for capias may properly be requested when party is served with subpoena duces tecum and fails to appear for scheduled deposition; whether rule 4.4 (a) imposes additional obligations on attorney when dealing with self-represented party. McKieman v. Civil Service Commission	50
of city charter despite lack of system to keep track of test materials; claim that examination was unreasonable and arbitrary because it was not administered in uniform manner; claim that instructions given to test participants on video in assessment room were different from those set forth in documents given in preparation room.	
Premier Capital, LLC v. Shaw	1
Saint Francis Hospital & Medical Center v. Malley	68
Simpson v. Lee (Memorandum Decision) State v. Bischoff. Possession of narcotics; possession of less than four ounces of cannabis-type substance; motion to correct illegal sentence; claim that 2015 amendment of statute applicable to possession of narcotics (§ 21a-279 [a]) applied retroactively and entitled defendant to resentencing on conviction of possession of narcotics; whether this court is bound by precedent from our Supreme Court; whether trial court should have rendered judgment denying rather than dismissing motion to correct illegal sentence.	901 119
Taing v. CAMRAC, LLC	23
U.S. Bank National Assn. v . Rago (Memorandum Decision)	902 902